CASS COUNTY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL AGENCY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2014 AND 2013

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Officials

Name Name	Title	Representing
Raymond Zellmer	Chairperson	City of Wiota
Duane McFadden	Vice Chairperson	Cass County
Frank Waters Dennis Zimmerman	Member Member	Cass County
Ashley Hayes	Member	City of Anita City of Atlantic
Kathy Somers	Member	City of Atlantic
Virginia Coughlin	Member	City of Cumberland
Barry Moore	Member	City of Griswold
Matt Klein	Member	City of Lewis
Randy Fisher	Member	City of Marne
Kevin McCunn	Member	City of Massena
Wendy Wittrock	Manager, Secretary-Treasurer	

Gronewold, Bell, Kyhnn & Co. P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS • BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

1910 EAST 7th STREET BOX 369 ATLANTIC, IOWA 50022-0369 (712) 243-1800 FAX (712) 243-1265 CPA@@BKCO.COM Mark D. Kyhnn David L. Hannasch Kenneth P. Tegels Christopher J. Nelson David A. Ginther

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Cass County Environmental Control Agency

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of net position of Cass County Environmental Control Agency as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Agency's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

To the Members of the Cass County Environmental Control Agency

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of Cass County Environmental Control Agency as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 and the results of its operations, changes in financial position, and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 4c be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

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In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated August 15, 2014 on our consideration of Cass County Environmental Control Agency's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and important for assessing the results of our audit.

Atlantic, Iowa August 15, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Cass County Environmental Control Agency (Agency) provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Agency's financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Agency's operating revenue decreased 3.4%, or \$30,136 from fiscal year 2013 to fiscal 2014.
- The Agency's operating expenses were 2.4%, or \$22,291 higher in fiscal year 2014 than in fiscal 2013.
- The Agency's net position decreased \$129,455 from June 30, 2013 to June 30, 2014.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Cass County Environmental Control Agency's accounts are organized as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Agency presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting which is the same measurement focus and basis of accounting employed by private sector business enterprises. This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Agency's basic financial statements. The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the Agency's financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on the Agency's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is the basic statement of activities for proprietary funds. This statement presents information on the Agency's operating revenue and expenses, nonoperating revenue and expenses and whether the Agency's financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents the change in the Agency's cash and cash equivalents during the year. This information can assist the user of the report in determining how the Agency financed its activities and how it met its cash requirements.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION

Statement of Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Agency's financial position. A summary of the Agency's net position at June 30, 2014 and 2013 is presented below.

		2014	 2013
Current assets	\$	101,797	\$ 116,109
Noncurrent restricted assets		212,571	172,584
Capital assets		2,091,751	2,323,258
Intangible assets			 16,522
Total Assets		2,406,119	2,628,473
Current liabilities		233,874	267,480
Noncurrent liabilities		1,701,250	 1,760,543
Total Liabilities		1,935,124	2,028,023
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets		1,429,831	1,506,726
Restricted / Unrestricted	<u>. (</u>	958,836)	 906,276)
Total Net Position	\$	470,995	\$ 600,450

A portion of the Agency's 2014 net position are restricted for closure and postclosure care. State and federal laws and regulations require the Agency to place a final cover on the landfill sites and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for a minimum of 30 years after closure.

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Operating revenue is received for fees from accepting solid waste from the residents and businesses of the county. Operating expenses are expenses paid to operate the landfill. The utilization of capital assets is reflected in the financial statements as deprecation, which allocates the cost of an asset over its expected useful life. Non-operating revenue and expenses include interest income and changes in the fair value of investments. A summary of revenue, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 is presented below:

		2014	<u>. </u>	2013
Operating revenue	\$	851,446	\$	881,582
Operating expenses		964,155	<u> </u>	941,864
Operating Loss	(112,709)	(60,282)
Net nonoperating revenue (expense)		16,746)		32,230)
Change in Net Position	(129,455)	(92,512)
Net Position – Beginning of Year		600,450		692,962
Net Position – End of Year	\$	470,995	\$	600,450

In fiscal 2014, operating revenue decreased by \$30,136, primarily a result of the decreased tonnage disposed of in the landfill. Operating expenses increased by \$22,291, primarily as a result of the closure/post closure care costs calculation.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information related to cash inflows and outflows, summarized by operating, capital and related financing and investing activities. Cash provided by operating activities in fiscal 2014 includes landfill fees and recycling revenues reduced by payments to employees and to suppliers. Cash used in capital and related financing activities in fiscal year 2014 includes the purchase of capital assets, and proceeds and payments on long term debt.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2014 the Agency had approximately \$2,091,751 invested in capital assets.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Agency's primary source of revenue is landfill tipping fees. Landfill tipping fees were at \$90.00 per ton in FY 2014. Operating expenditures in FY 2015 are expected to remain about the same as expenditures for fiscal year 2014.

CONTACTING THE AGENCY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Agency's finances and to show the Agency's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Cass County Environmental Control Agency, 65928 Jackson Road, Atlantic, Iowa 50022.

Statements of Net Position

June 30,

		2014		2013
Assets				
Current assets: Cash	\$	17,956	\$	26,870
Accounts receivable	Ψ	63,496	Ф	71,050
Prepaid insurance		20,345		18,189
Total current assets		101,797		116,109
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash		192,978		165,296
Cash held in escrow by Cass County		19,593		7,288 172,584
		212,571		172,584
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable capital assets		705,300		680,000
Depreciable capital assets, net		1,386,451		1,643,258
		2,091,751		2,323,258
Intangible assets, net				16,522
	-			10,522

\$ 2,406,119

2,628,473

Total assets

		2014	_	2013
Liabilities and Net Position				
Current liabilities:				
Line of credit	\$	20,000	\$	20,000
Current maturities of capital leases		33,486		69,350
Current maturities of notes payable		123,984		116,861
Current portion of estimated liability for landfill				
closure and postclosure care costs		23,600		22,700
Accounts payable, trade		12,861		18,214
Salaries and benefits payable		2,726		2,649
Due to other governments		4,888		5,082
Accrued interest payable Compensated absences		908		1,235
Total current liabilities		11,421 233,874		11,389
Total current haomities		233,074		267,480
Non-current liabilities:				
Capital leases, less current maturities		15,590		49,076
Notes payable, less current maturities		488,860		597,767
Estimated liability for landfill closure and		,		,
postclosure care costs, less current portion		1,196,800		1,113,700
Total non-current liabilities		1,701,250		1,760,543
Total liabilities		1,935,124		2,028,023
Not no midion.				
Net position:		1 400 001		1.506.706
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		1,429,831		1,506,726
Tonnage fees retained		19,593		11.020
Closure and postclosure care		19,393		11,039 161,545
Unrestricted	(1,171,407)	(1,078,860)
Total net position		470,995		600,450
Tomi not position				000,430
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$</u>	2,406,119	<u>\$</u>	2,628,473

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Year ended June 30,

	2014		2013	
Operating revenues:				
Solid waste fees	\$	782,117	\$	808,074
Recyclables		58,111		62,703
Other		11,218		10,805
Total operating revenues		851,446		881,582
Operating expenses:				
Administration		62,481		78,922
Engineering		33,194		36,444
Recycling expenses		125,955		125,597
Cover, compacting and scale expenses		157,531		156,881
Equipment		88,696		96,238
Mandated changes		27,817		16,545
Buildings and grounds		325,975		347,647
Closure and postclosure care costs		84,000		24,300
Tonnage fees to Iowa Department of		•		
Natural Resources		17,300		18,168
Employee benefits		41,206		41,122
Total operating expenses		964,155		941,864
Operating loss	(112,709)	(60,282)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Grant revenue		17,864		10,173
Interest income		202		177
Interest expense	(34,812)	(42,580)
Non-operating revenues (expenses), net		16,746)		32,230)
Change in net position	(129,455)	(92,512)
Net position beginning of year		600,450		692,962
Net position end of year	\$	470,995	\$	600,450

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30,

		2014		2013
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from solid waste fees Cash received from recyclables Cash received from other revenue Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	789,671 58,111 11,218 393,393) 204,956) 260,651	\$	796,089 62,703 10,805 392,826) 196,826) 279,945
Cash flows from noncapital related financing activities: Interest payments on line of credit Fee paid on line of credit Net cash used in noncapital related financing activities	(324) 3,125) 3,449)	(284) 3,125) 3,409)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash received from grantor agency Purchase of capital assets Proceeds on note payable Principal payments on capital leases Principal payments on notes payable Interest payments on long-term debt Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(17,864 41,371) 31,000 69,350) 132,784) 31,690) 226,331)	(10,173 14,500) 26,428 88,390) 141,373) 40,300) 247,962)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received		202		177
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		31,073		28,751
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		199,454		170,703
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	230,527	<u>\$</u>	199,454
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statements of net position: Cash in current assets Cash held in escrow in restricted assets Cash in restricted assets	\$	17,956 19,593 192,978	\$	26,870 7,288 165,296
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	230,527	<u>\$</u>	<u> 199,454</u>

(continued next page)

Statements of Cash Flows - Continued

Year ended June 30,

		2014		2013
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating loss	\$(112,709)	\$(60,282)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		272,878		285,938
Amortization		16,522		26,920
Closure and postclosure care costs		84,000		24,300
Changes in assets and liabilities:		ĺ		•
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		7,554	(11,985)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid insurance	(2,156)	`	4,231
Increase in accounts payable, trade	Ì	5,353)		9,992
Increase in salaries and benefits payable	`	77		84
Increase in due to other governments	(194)		73
Increase in compensated absences		32		674
Total adjustments		373,360		340,227
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	260,651	<u>\$</u>	279,945

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Cass County Environmental Control Agency was formed in 1971 pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 28E of the Code of Iowa. The purpose of the Agency is to operate the sanitary landfill in Cass County for use by all residents of the County.

The Agency is composed of one representative from each of the eight member cities, except that the City of Atlantic appoints one additional representative and two representatives from Cass County. The member cities are: Anita, Atlantic, Cumberland, Griswold, Lewis, Massena, Marne and Wiota. The representative of a city is appointed by the political subdivision to be represented.

The Agency's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Cass County Environmental Control Agency has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The Agency has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Agency are such that exclusion would cause the Agency's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the Agency to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Agency. The Cass County Environmental Control Agency has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Cass County Environmental Control Agency are organized as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The Agency distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Agency's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the Statement of Net Position:

<u>Cash, Investments, and Cash Equivalents</u> - The Agency considers all short-term investments that are highly liquid to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> - Funds set aside for payment of closure and postclosure care costs are classified as restricted.

<u>Accounts Receivable</u> - Accounts receivable represent amounts that are due and payable from customers but have not been collected at June 30. Management of the Agency believes the receivables will be realized without material collection losses; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts exists.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets are accounted for at historical cost. Capital assets with lives in excess of three years and cost in excess of \$500 are capitalized. Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Capital assets of the Agency are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated
Useful Lives
(In Years)
,
40-50
20-50
3-20

Interest is capitalized on qualified assets. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. There was no interest capitalized during the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Agency employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2014.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Agency's deposits in banks at June 30, 2014 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Agency is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Agency; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The Agency had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, as amended by Statement 40.

NOTE 3 - PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Agency contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 5.95% of their annual salary and the Agency is required to contribute 8.93% of annual payroll. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The Agency's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$18,303, \$17,065, and \$15,527, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 680,000	\$	\$	\$ 680,000
Construction in progress		25,300		25,300
Total capital assets not	600.000	2.5.00		
being depreciated	680,000	25,300		705,300
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,203,074			1,203,074
Buildings	760,684			760,684
Equipment and vehicles	1,335,647	<u> 16,071</u>		1,351,718
Total capital assets being	2 200 405	1 6 671		2 21 5 45 6
depreciated	3,299,405	<u>16,071</u>		3,315,476
Less accumulated depreciation for:	on			
Land improvements	554,368	122,337		676,705
Buildings	246,601	27,737		274,338
Equipment and vehicles	<u>855,178</u>	<u>122,804</u>		977,982
Total accumulated depreciation	1,656,147	272,878		1,929,025
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,643,258	_(256,807)		1,386,451
<u>F</u>	<u> </u>			1,500,151
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,323,258</u>	<u>\$(231,507</u>)	\$	<u>\$ 2,091,751</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

A summary of capital assets at June 30, 2013 is as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 680,000	\$	\$	\$ 680,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	680,000	·		680,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,203,074			1,203,074
Buildings	760,684			760,684
Equipment and vehicles	1,321,147	14,500		1,335,647
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	3,284,905	14,500		3,299,405
Less accumulated depreciation for:	on			
Land improvements	432,031	122,337		554,368
Buildings	217,047	29,554		246,601
Equipment and vehicles	<u>721,131</u>	134,047		855,178
Total accumulated depreciation	1,370,209	285,938		1,656,147
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,914,696	(271,438)		1,643,258
Total capital assets, net	\$ 2,594,696	<u>\$(271,438</u>)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,323,258

Equipment costing \$345,239 (\$345,239 in 2013) has been purchased under capital lease agreements. Accumulated depreciation on this equipment totals \$197,501 (\$149,972 in 2013), including \$47,529 (\$47,529 in 2013) of depreciation for the year ended June 30, 2014.

NOTE 5 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Agency did not incur any expenses for landfill design and groundwater assessment projects during the year ended June 30, 2014. The total cost of the projects was \$379,496 and is being amortized over a period of five years.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 5 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS - Continued

A summary of the intangible assets at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year		<u>In</u>	creases	Dec	creases	Balance End of Year		
Intangible assets Accumulated amortization	\$	379,496 362,974	\$	16,522	\$		\$	379,496 379,496	
Intangible assets, net	\$	16,522	<u>\$</u>	16,522	<u>\$</u>	<u></u>	\$		

A summary of the intangible assets at June 30, 2013 is as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year		Increases		Dec	reases_	Balance End of Year		
Intangible assets Accumulated amortization	\$	379,496 336,054	\$	 26,920	\$		\$	379,496 362,974	
Intangible assets, net	<u>\$</u>	43,442	<u>\$(</u>	26,920)	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	16,522	

NOTE 6 - LINE OF CREDIT

The Agency entered into a line of credit agreement in the amount of \$100,000 bearing an interest rate of 4% due May 1, 2015. The primary purpose of the line of credit is to provide operating funds. As of June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance on the line of credit was \$20,000 (\$20,000 as of June 30, 2013).

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 7 - NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in the Agency's non-current liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 follows:

	Balance 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Current Portion
Note Payable, 2007 Note Payable, May, 2012 Note Payable, March, 2013	\$ 224,897 466,971 22,760	\$ 	\$ 53,408 52,211 22,760	\$ 171,489 414,760	\$ 56,073 54,380
Note Payable, March, 2014		31,000 31,000	4,405 132,784	<u>26,595</u> 612,844	13,531 123,984
Capital Lease Obligations: Caterpillar	73,704		55,115	18,589	18,589
John Deere Estimated Liability for	<u>44,722</u> 118,426		<u>14,235</u> 69,350	<u>30,487</u> 49,076	<u>14,897</u> 33,486
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs	_1,136,400	84,000		1,220,400	23,600
Total Non-Current Liabilities	<u>\$1,969,454</u>	<u>\$ 115,000</u>	<u>\$ 202,134</u>	<u>\$1,882,320</u>	<u>\$ 181,070</u>
	Balance 2012	Additions	Reductions	Balance 2013	Current Portion
Note Payable, 2007 Note Payable, 2010	\$ 276,063 18,379	\$	\$ 51,166 18,379	\$ 224,897	\$ 53,477
Note Payable, March, 2012 Note Payable, May, 2012 Note Payable, March, 2013	517,491		17,640 50,520 3,668	466,971 22,760	52,134 11,250
Capital Lease Obligations:	829,573	26,428	141,373	714,628	116,861
Cornhusker Internationa Caterpillar John Deere	al 21,963 126,528 58,325		21,963 52,824 13,603	73,704 44,722	55,115 14,235
Estimated Liability for Landfill Closure and	206,816		88,390	118,426	69,350
Postclosure Care Costs	1,112,100	24,300		1,136,400	22,700
Total Non-Current Liabilities	<u>\$2,148,489</u>	<u>\$ 50,728</u>	<u>\$ 229,763</u>	<u>\$1,969,454</u>	\$ 208,911

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASES

The Agency entered into a capital lease agreement with Cornhusker International on October 17, 2008 for a high pressure hooklift. The agreement required annual payments of \$23,124 made on the 17th of October for four years, including interest at 5.29%. The lease matured October, 2012.

The Agency entered into a capital lease agreement with Caterpillar on November 4, 2009 for a track loader. The agreement calls for monthly payments of \$4,765 for a period of 60 months at an approximate interest rate of 4.25%.

The Agency entered into a capital lease agreement with John Deere on December 9, 2011 for a tractor. The agreement requires annual payments of \$16,313 made on the 12th of December for four years including interest at 4.55%.

The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments and present value of net minimum lease payments:

Year Ending June 30,	М	Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments		mount resenting nterest	Total Minimum Lease Payments		
2015 2016	\$	33,486 15,590	\$	1,580 723	\$	35,066 16,313	
Totals	<u>\$</u>	49,076	\$	2,303	<u>\$</u>	51,379	

NOTE 9 - NOTES PAYABLE

The Agency entered into a mortgage note payable for \$500,000 on May 22, 2007 with a local bank to finance expansion and compliance with DNR regulations. The note requires monthly payments of \$5,250, including interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2017.

The Agency entered into a note payable for \$35,975 on June 15, 2010 with a local bank to finance the purchase of equipment. The note required a lump sum payment due June 15, 2011, which was refinanced into a note requiring monthly payments of \$1,565, including interest at 4.0% that matured June, 2013. The note was collateralized by the equipment purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 9 - NOTES PAYABLE - Continued

The Agency entered into a note payable for \$21,137 on March 6, 2012 with a local bank to finance the purchase of equipment and to refinance the May 4, 2011 note. The note required monthly payments of \$767, including interest at 4.25% maturing on July 1, 2014. The note was refinanced in March, 2013 as indicated in the following paragraph. The note is collateralized by the equipment purchased.

The Agency entered into a note payable for \$26,428 on March 4, 2013 with a local bank to finance the purchase of equipment and refinance the March, 2012 note payable. The note requires monthly payments of \$1,000, including interest at 4.25% maturing June 30, 2015. The note is collateralized by the equipment purchased.

The Agency entered into a mortgage payable for \$521,443 on May 7, 2012 with a local bank to finance expansion and compliance with DNR regulations. The note requires monthly payments of \$5,800, including interest at 3.9% maturing on April 1, 2021.

The Agency entered into a note payable for \$31,000 on March 6, 2014 with a local bank to finance the purchase of equipment and refinance the March, 2013 note payable. The note requires monthly payments of \$1,200, including interest at 4.25% maturing July 6, 2016. The note is collateralized by the equipment purchased.

Scheduled principal and interest payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>P</u>	Principal		nterest	Total		
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 - 2021	\$	123,984 128,211 115,220 60,920 63,339 121,170	\$	23,016 17,737 12,114 8,680 6,261 4,794	\$	147,000 145,948 127,334 69,600 69,600 125,964	
	<u>\$</u>	612,844	\$	72,602	<u>\$</u>	685,446	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 10 - CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

To comply with federal and state regulations, the Agency is required to complete a monitoring system plan and a closure/postclosure care plan and to provide funding necessary to effect closure and postclosure care, including the proper monitoring and care of the landfill after closure. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requirements have established closure and thirty-year postclosure care requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills that receive waste after October 9, 1993. State governments are primarily responsible for implementation and enforcement of those requirements and have been given flexibility to tailor requirements to accommodate local conditions that exist. The effect of the EPA requirement is to commit landfill owners to perform certain closing functions and postclosure monitoring functions as a condition for the right to operate the landfill in the current period. The EPA requirements provide that when a landfill stops accepting waste, it must be covered with a minimum of twenty-four inches of earth to keep liquid away from the buried waste. Once the landfill is closed, the owner is responsible for maintaining the final cover, monitoring ground water and methane gas, and collecting and treating leachate (the liquid that drains out of waste) for thirty years.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 18 requires landfill owners to estimate total landfill closure and postclosure care costs and recognize a portion of these costs each year based on the percentage of estimated total landfill capacity used that period. Estimated total cost consists of four components: (1) the cost of equipment and facilities used in postclosure monitoring and care, (2) the cost of final cover (material and labor), (3) the cost of monitoring the landfill during the postclosure period and (4) the cost of any environmental cleanup required after closure. Estimated total cost is based on the cost to purchase those services and equipment currently and is required to be updated annually for changes due to inflation or deflation, technology, or applicable laws or regulations.

These costs for the Agency have been estimated at \$850,603 for closure and \$806,122 for postclosure, for a total of \$1,656,725 as of June 30, 2014, and the portion of the liability that has been recognized is \$1,220,400. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care during the year ended June 30, 2014. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The Subtitle D Cell (Phase 0) began accepting waste October 1, 2007 and has an estimated remaining life of .25 years. The Subtitle D Cell (Phase 1) began accepting waste June, 2009 and has an estimated remaining life of 1 year. The Subtitle D Cell (Phase 2) began accepting waste June, 2012 and has an estimated remaining life of 3 years.

Chapter 455B.306(9)(b) of the Code of Iowa requires permit holders of municipal solid waste landfills to maintain separate closure and postclosure care accounts to accumulate resources for the payment of closure and postclosure care costs. The Agency has begun accumulating resources to fund these costs and, at June 30, 2014, assets of \$192,978 are restricted for these purposes, of which \$52,660 is for closure and \$140,318 is for postclosure care. They are reported as restricted assets and restricted net assets on the Statements of Net Position.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 10 - CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS - Continued

Also, pursuant to Chapter 567-113.14(8) of the Iowa Administrative Code (IAC), since the estimated closure and postclosure care costs are not fully funded, the Agency is required to demonstrate financial assurance for the unfunded costs. The Agency has adopted the dedicated fund financial assurance mechanism. Under this mechanism, the Agency must certify the following to the Iowa Department of Natural Resources:

• The fund is dedicated by local government statute as a reserve fund.

• Payments into the fund are made annually over a pay-in period of ten years or the permitted life of the landfill, whichever is shorter.

Annual deposits to the fund are determined by the following formula:

$$NP = \frac{CE - CB}{Y}$$

NP = next payment

CE = total required financial assurance

CB = current balance of the fund

Y = number of years remaining in the pay-in period

Chapter 567-113.14(8) of the IAC allows the Agency to choose the dedicated fund mechanism to demonstrate financial assurance and use the accounts established to satisfy the closure and postclosure care account requirements. Accordingly, the Agency is not required to establish closure and postclosure care accounts in addition to the accounts established to comply with the dedicated fund financial assurance mechanism.

NOTE 11 - SOLID WASTE TONNAGE FEES RETAINED

The Agency has established an account for restricting and using solid waste tonnage fees retained by the Agency in accordance with Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa.

As of June 30, 2014, the unspent amounts retained by the Agency and restricted for the required purposes totaled \$19,593 (\$11,039 as of June 30, 2013).

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Cass County Environmental Control Agency is a member of the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 700 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August, 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

Each members' annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300 percent of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual property operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The Agency's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as expenses from its operating fund at the time of payment to the risk pool. The Agency's annual contributions to the Pool were \$23,624 and \$24,252 for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Agency's risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$150,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$150,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the Agency's risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. The Agency does not report a liability for losses in excess of reinsurance or excess risk-sharing recoveries unless it is deemed probable such losses have occurred and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, at June 30, 2014, no liability has been recorded in the Agency's financial statements. As of June 30, 2014, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunded to the withdrawing member.

The Agency also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with Workers' Compensation and Crime in the amount of \$1,000,000 and \$25,000, respectively. The Agency assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The Agency participates in the Cass County postretirement medical plan (OPEB). The OPEB plan recognizes the implicit rate subsidy as required by GASB Statement No. 45.

The actuarial valuation of liabilities under the OPEB plan is calculated using the unit credit actuarial cost method as of the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation. This method requires the calculation of an unfunded actuarial accrued liability, which was approximately \$238,000 for Cass County as of June 30, 2014. The Agency's portion of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is not separately determinable.

Details of the OPEB plan are available in Cass County's audit report for the year ended June 30, 2014. The report may be obtained by writing to the Cass County Auditor's Office, Cass County Courthouse, Atlantic, Iowa 50022.

The Agency considers a net OPEB liability of \$12,790 for other postemployment benefits, which represents the Agency's portion of Cass County's net OPEB obligation, to be immaterial. The Agency's portion of the net OPEB obligation was calculated using the ratio of full-time equivalent employees of the Agency compared to full-time equivalent employees of Cass County.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014 and 2013

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

Line of Credit

The Agency entered into a line of credit agreement in the amount of \$1,500,000 bearing an interest rate of 5%, due April 1, 2015. The primary purpose of the line of credit is to show the Agency can demonstrate financial assurance for closure and postclosure care costs. As of June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance on the line of credit was \$-0-.

Construction in Progress

Construction in progress at June 30, 2014 of \$25,300 consists of costs for construction of a leachate management system. The construction of the leachate management system is expected to cost approximately \$32,000. The Agency is financing the construction with internally generated funds.

Subsequent Events

During the year, the Agency entered into agreements for the purchase of equipment with delivery subsequent to year end. Total commitment is approximately \$72,000, which will be financed with a capital lease.

The Agency has evaluated all subsequent events through August 15, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 15 - PROSPECTIVE ACCOUNTING CHANGE

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 68, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB No. 27</u>. This statement will be implemented for the year ending June 30, 2015. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with pension benefits, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. In addition, the Statement of Net Position is expected to include a significant liability for the Association's proportionate share of the employee pension plan.

* * *

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Gronewold, Bell, Kyhnn & Co. P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS • BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

1910 EAST 7th STREET BOX 369 ATLANTIC, IOWA 50022-0369 (712) 243-1800 FAX (712) 243-1265 CPA@GBKCO.COM

Mark D. Kyhnn David L. Hannasch Kenneth P. Tegels Christopher J. Nelson David A. Ginther

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of the Cass County Environmental Control Agency Atlantic, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Cass County Environmental Control Agency as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated August 15, 2014. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Cass County Environmental Control Agency's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of Cass County Environmental Control Agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Cass County Environmental Control Agency's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, and, therefore, there can be no assurance all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the Agency's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

To the Members of the Cass County Environmental Control Agency

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 14-I-A to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Cass County Environmental Control Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Agency's operations for the year ended June 30, 2014 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the Agency. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Responses to Findings

Cass County Environmental Control Agency's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the Agency's responses, we did not audit Cass County Environmental Control Agency's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Agency's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Mensh, Ben, Kyhnn 26. P. C.

Atlantic, Iowa August 15, 2014

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

PART I - INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES

<u>14-I-A Segregation of Duties</u>: A limited number of people have the primary responsibility for many of the accounting and financial duties. As a result, some of those aspects of internal accounting control which rely upon an adequate segregation of duties are, for all practical purposes, missing in the Agency. This is a common deficiency among small Organizations.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recognize that it may not be economically feasible for the Agency to employ additional personnel for the sole purpose of segregating duties, however, it is our professional responsibility to bring this control deficiency to your attention. We recommend that the Board be aware of the lack of segregation of duties and that they act as an oversight group to the accounting personnel.

<u>Response</u>: The Board is aware of this lack of segregation of duties, but it is not economically feasible for the Agency to employ additional personnel for this reason. The Board will continue to act as an oversight group.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

PART II - INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE

No matters were reported.

* * *

PART III - OTHER FINDINGS RELATED TO REQUIRED STATUTORY REPORTING

<u>14-III-A Questionable Expenses</u>: No expenses that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.

<u>14-III-B Travel Expense</u>: No expenditures of Agency money for travel expenses of spouses of Agency officials or employees were noted.

<u>14-III-C Board Minutes</u>: No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.

<u>14-III-D Deposits and Investments</u>: No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

<u>PART III - OTHER FINDINGS RELATED TO REQUIRED STATUTORY REPORTING - Continued</u>

<u>14-III-E Solid Waste Tonnage Fees Retained</u>: No instances of non-compliance with the solid waste fees used or retained in accordance with provisions of Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

<u>14-III-F Financial Assurance</u>: The Agency has demonstrated financial assurance for closure and postclosure care costs by establishing a local government dedicated fund as provided in Chapter 567-113.14(b) of the Code of Iowa. The calculation is made as follows:

	Closure		Open Cells		Postclosure Closed Cells			Total
		Siosuic	<u> </u>	ocii Celis	CIC	iscu Celis		10tai
Total estimated costs for closure and postclosure care	\$	850,603	\$	158,069	\$	648,053	\$	806,122
Less: Balance of funds held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2013		79,451 771,152		13,009 145,060		69,085 578,968		82,094 724,028
Divided by the number of years remaining in the pay-in period	÷	4.25	<u>÷</u>	4.25		N/A		N/A
Required payment into the local dedicated fund for the year ended June 30, 2014		181,448		34,132		578,968		613,100
Balance of funds held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2013		79,451		13,009	- i	69,085		82,094
Required balance of funds to be held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2014	\$	260,899	\$	47,141	\$	648,053	<u>\$</u>	695,194
Amount Agency has restricted for closure and postclosure care at June 30, 2014	<u>\$</u>	52,660	<u>\$</u>	10,626	<u>\$</u>	129,692	<u>\$</u>	140,318

The Agency uses the availability of a 5% \$1,500,000 line of credit to demonstrate the ability to meet the financial assurance requirements.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

PART IV - OTHER COMMENT

<u>14-IV-A Non-budgeted Expenditures</u>: It was noted during the audit that certain non-budgeted expenditures are not being recorded on the monthly budget expense report. However, these expenditures are reviewed monthly with other budgeted expenditures and approved by the Board.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend all expenditures be recorded on the monthly budget expense report to properly report all expenditures incurred each month. This will provide better financial reporting of the Agency's operations.

Response: All expenditures are reviewed and approved by the Board.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

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